CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN DIEGO REGION

CLEANUP AND ABATEMENT ORDER NO. R9-2002-0109

KEN RAUTON AND SAM HASSON SAM'S SUPER SHELL 28670 OLD TOWN FRONT STREET, TEMECULA RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego Region (hereinafter Regional Board) finds that:

- 1. Unauthorized Discharge of Waste: In 1992, an unauthorized discharge of petroleum hydrocarbon waste to soil and groundwater occurred at the Sam's Super Shell in Temecula, Riverside County, California. The waste was discharged from the station's underground storage tank system and resulted in a condition of pollution in the underlying groundwater aquifer.
- 2. Party Responsible for the Discharge: Ken Rauton and Sam Hasson (hereinafter dischargers) are the parties responsible for the discharge. The dischargers owned and operated the retail gasoline station at 28670 Front Street in Temecula at the time of the discharge. As the owners and operators of the underground storage tank system, the dischargers caused the discharge of petroleum hydrocarbon waste to soil and groundwater at the station.
- 3. **Condition of Pollution**: The property at which the petroleum hydrocarbon waste was discharged is located in the Murrieta hydrologic subarea. This subarea has designated beneficial uses for both surface waters and groundwaters, including municipal and domestic supply. The property lies above an aquifer that is used as a drinking water source.

Gasoline, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene, methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE), and tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA) have been discharged to the groundwater beneath the site in concentrations that exceed naturally occurring background concentrations and applicable water quality objectives. The concentrations of contaminants also exceed the maximum contaminant levels (MCL) allowable in drinking water set by the DHS. The concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons and petroleum hydrocarbon constituents have degraded the quality of groundwater and impaired the designated beneficial uses of the waters as defined in the Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin creating a condition of pollution.

4. CEQA: This action is an order to enforce the laws and regulations administered by the Regional Board. As such, this action is categorically exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to section 15308 of the Resources Agency Guidelines.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, pursuant to sections 13267 and 13304 of the California Water Code, that the dischargers shall cleanup and abate the effects of the discharge described in the above findings as follows:

A. TASKS

- 1. Interim Remedial Actions: The dischargers shall implement interim remedial actions to abate or correct the actual or potential effects of the unauthorized release pursuant to section 2722(b) of the regulations governing underground storage tanks (California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 23, Chapter 16). Interim remedial actions may include but are not limited to activities that remove all free product, removal of petroleum hydrocarbon sources (e.g. soil saturated with petroleum hydrocarbons) and/or mitigation of contamination of all surface and groundwater affected by the waste discharge. Thirty days prior to initiating any interim remedial actions, the dischargers shall notify the Regional Board in writing with a proposed workplan and schedule. The dischargers shall implement the interim remedial actions within 60 days of submitting the workplan to the Regional Board.
- 2. **Groundwater Monitoring**: The dischargers shall implement a quarterly groundwater monitoring program, as specified in Enclosure 1, at the site commencing with the quarterly report due on **July 30, 2002**.
- 3. Site Conceptual Model: The dischargers shall submit a site conceptual model (SCM). The SCM is a written or pictorial representation of the release scenario and the likely distribution of wastes at the site. The SCM shall identify and describe the types of wastes present including their distribution in space and time, and how the wastes are changing in space and time.

The SCM shall also identify the potential, current and future receptors in the area; link potential sources to potential receptors through transport of wastes in the air, soil and water; and identify the fate and transport characteristics of the site. It should describe or show the physical characteristics and properties of the subsurface and identify the environmental issues that need to be investigated (and those issues that do not need to be addressed). The initial SCM shall include a discussion of the level of uncertainty of

conclusions, outline data gaps remaining in the conceptual model, and describe the additional work needed to complete the SCM.

The SCM shall be refined and updated as site characterization data become available. Updates to the SCM shall be included in the all future technical and quarterly monitoring reports submitted. The first SCM is due no later than **August 9**, 2002.

4. Soil And Groundwater Investigation: Continue the investigation currently underway to identify all wastes from the discharge and the horizontal and vertical extent of the wastes both on and off site to background water quality conditions in both the groundwater and soil. Characterize the geology and hydrogeology of the site that affects the transport of the waste. Determine the source, and nature of the discharge in the subsurface, and evaluate the impacts of the wastes on all existing and future sensitive receptors that could be affected by the waste. An adequate workplan and schedule for the next phase of this investigation shall be submitted on August 9, 2002.

The dischargers shall execute the workplan and provide a technical report with the results from implementation of the workplan. Implementation of the workplan shall commence no later than 90 days after submission of an adequate workplan. Within 60 days of the conclusion of the investigation a technical report that adequately characterizes the source, nature and extent (both laterally and vertically) of the discharge and addresses any contamination that has migrated off-site shall be submitted. The information in the report must provide an adequate basis for determining subsequent cleanup and abatement actions.

5. Corrective Action Plan: The dischargers shall prepare a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) in conformance with the provisions of section 2725 of the regulations governing underground storage tanks. The CAP shall describe a range of remedial action alternatives to complete the site cleanup and include a schedule for implementation of the preferred remediation alternative. The CAP shall consider mitigation of the following constituents in the affected groundwater zones: benzene, toluene, total xylenes, ethylbenzene, MTBE, TBA, and any other waste which may have been released by the dischargers. All free phase petroleum hydrocarbon product must be removed and any sources of petroleum hydrocarbon wastes must be removed. Implementation of the CAP shall commence no later than 90 days after submission of the CAP to the Regional Board. Within 60 days of completion of the CAP a technical report with the results to verify implementation of the CAP and evaluate its effectiveness shall be submitted to the Regional Board. The dischargers shall monitor, evaluate, and report the results of implementation of the CAP in the quarterly monitoring reports.

- 6. Verification Monitoring: The dischargers shall conduct verification monitoring in conformance with the provisions of section 2727 of the regulations governing underground storage tanks. The dischargers shall submit a workplan to implement a verification monitoring program that includes a schedule for submitting monitoring reports. When implemented, the verification monitoring program shall replace the quarterly groundwater monitoring program (directive 2). The dischargers shall implement the verification monitoring program within 30 days of submitting the workplan to the Regional Board. Periodic monitoring reports shall be submitted according to the schedule in the workplan.
- 7. Groundwater Cleanup Levels: The dischargers shall cleanup and abate the effects of the discharge in a manner that promotes the attainment of either background water quality or the best water quality which is reasonable if background levels of water quality cannot be restored, considering all demands being made and to be made on those waters and the total values involved, beneficial and detrimental, economic and social, tangible and intangible. Any alternative cleanup levels less stringent than background water quality are subject to Regional Board approval and shall:
 - a. Be derived by applying section 2725 of Chapter 16 and the conditions set forth in section 2550.4 of Chapter 15 (CCR Title 23);
 - b. Be consistent with maximum benefit to the people of the State;
 - c. Not unreasonably affect present and anticipated beneficial use of such water; and
 - d. Not result in water quality less than that prescribed in the Basin Plan and Policies adopted by the State and Regional Boards.
- 8. Soil Cleanup Levels: Residual concentrations of fuel constituents in soils must meet all the following criteria: 1) be low enough so that leachable contaminants will not cause the groundwater cleanup levels to be exceeded at/near the site; and 2) be protective of human health and the environment. The dischargers shall propose to the Regional Board a range of site-specific soil cleanup levels based upon a technical evaluation of risks from residual soil contaminants and analytical results from contaminant leachability tests performed on an adequate number of significantly contaminated soils samples collected from the site. Soil cleanup levels proposed by the dischargers are subject to Regional Board review and approval.

B. PROVISIONS

- 1. No Pollution, Contamination or Nuisance: The storage, handling, treatment, or disposal of soil containing petroleum hydrocarbon waste or polluted groundwater shall not create conditions of pollution, contamination or nuisance as defined in California Water Code section 13050(m). The dischargers shall properly manage, treat and dispose of soils containing petroleum hydrocarbon waste and polluted groundwater in accordance with applicable federal, State and local regulations.
- 2. **Good Operation and Maintenance**: The dischargers shall maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible any facility or control system installed to achieve compliance with the requirements of this Order.
- 3. **Groundwater Monitoring Program**: The dischargers shall comply with the Groundwater Monitoring Program enclosed with this Order.
- 4. **Contractor/Consultant Qualifications**: All technical documents shall be signed by and stamped with the seal of a California registered geologist, or a California registered civil engineer.
- 5. Lab Qualifications: All samples shall be analyzed by California State-certified laboratories using approved U.S. Environmental Protection Agency methods for the type of analysis to be performed. All laboratories shall maintain quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) records for Regional Board review.
- 6. **Reporting of Changed Owner or Operator**: The dischargers shall notify the Regional Board in writing of any change in owner or operator within 30 days of the change. The notification shall include the date of the change and the name of the new owner/operator.
- 7. Cost Recovery: The dischargers shall reimburse the State for all reasonable costs actually incurred by the Regional Board to investigate unauthorized discharges of waste and to oversee cleanup of such waste, abatement of the effects thereof, or other remedial action, required by this Order, according to billing statements prepared from time to time by the State Water Resources Control Board. If the dischargers is enrolled in a reimbursement program managed by the State Water Resources Control Board for the discharge addressed by this Order, reimbursement shall be made pursuant to the procedures established in that program. Any disputes raised by the dischargers over reimbursement amounts or methods used in that program shall be consistent with the dispute resolution procedures for that program.

- 8. All corrective actions shall be in accordance with the provisions of CCR Title 23, Chapter 16 and State Water Resource Control Board Resolution No. 92-49, Policies and Procedures for Investigation and Cleanup and Abatement of Discharges under Water Code Section 13304.
- The discharge of waste, except as specifically authorized by Waste Discharge Requirements adopted by the State Water Resource Control Board and/or the Regional Water Quality Control Board, is prohibited.

May 14, 2002

HN H. ROBÈRTUS

Éxecutive Officer

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

San Diego Region

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDER MAY SUBJECT YOU TO ENFORCEMENT ACTION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: IMPOSITION OF ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL LIABILITY UNDER WATER CODE SECTIONS 13268 OR 13350, OR REFERRAL TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF OR CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY

Enclosure:

Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Program

ENCLOSURE 1

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN DIEGO REGION

QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM

KEN RAUTON AND SAM HASSON SAM'S SUPER SHELL 28670 FRONT STREET, TEMECULA RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

- 1. **AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE**: The dischargers are directed to submit the technical reports required in this Groundwater Monitoring Program (GMP) pursuant to California Water Code sections 13267 and 13304. This GMP is intended to document compliance with Cleanup and Abatement Order No. R9-2002-0109.
- 2. MONITORING: The dischargers shall measure groundwater elevations quarterly in all monitoring wells, and shall collect and analyze samples of groundwater from all monitoring wells using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) method 8015 for total petroleum hydrocarbons quantifying gasoline and diesel and EPA method 8260b for volatile organic compounds including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE), tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA) and all other fuel oxygenates.

The dischargers shall sample any new monitoring or extraction wells quarterly and analyze groundwater samples for the same constituents as shown above. The dischargers may propose changes in the above sampling requirements; any proposed changes are subject to Regional Board approval.

3. **QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORTS**: The dischargers shall submit quarterly groundwater monitoring reports to the Regional Board no later than 30 days following the end of the quarter according to the following schedule:

First Quarter (Jan-Mar)
Second Quarter (Apr-Jun)
Third Quarter (Jul-Sep)
Fourth Quarter (Oct-Dec)
Due no later than July 30
Due no later than October 30
Due no later than January 30

This schedule shall commence with the submission of a quarterly monitoring report due on **July 30, 2002.**

The quarterly monitoring reports shall include:

- A. **Transmittal Letter**: The transmittal letter shall discuss any violations during the reporting period and actions taken or planned to correct the problem. The letter shall be signed by the discharger's principal executive officer or his/her duly authorized representative, and shall include a statement by the official, under penalty of perjury, that the report is true and correct to the best of the official's knowledge.
- B. Groundwater Elevations: Groundwater elevation data shall be presented in tabular form, with depth to groundwater, top of casing elevations, depths to the top of well screens, length of well screens and total depth for each well included in the monitoring program. For all wells containing floating free petroleum product (LNAPL) include the measured thickness of LNAPL in a tabular form. A groundwater elevation map should be prepared for each monitored water-bearing zone with the groundwater flow direction and calculated hydrologic gradients(s) clearly indicated in the figures(s). Historical groundwater elevations shall be included in the fourth quarterly report each year.

C. Reporting Groundwater Results:

- Groundwater sampling data shall be presented in tabular form, and an
 isoconcentration map shall be prepared for constituents of concern (COCs) for each
 monitored water-bearing zone, as appropriate. Time versus concentration plots and
 distance versus concentration plots that include groundwater elevation shall be
 prepared for constituents of concern for appropriate wells.
- 2. Provide a site plot plan which clearly illustrates the locations of monitoring wells, former/current underground storage tank systems (and product piping) and buildings located on site and immediately adjacent to the property lines of the site.
- 3. Provide a site plot plan with the most recent concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons and volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (e.g. benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes, MTBE, TBA and other fuel oxygenates).
- 4. The report shall provide technical interpretations of the groundwater data, and describe any significant increases in contaminant concentrations since the last report, any measures proposed to address the increases, any changes to the site conceptual model, and conclusions and recommendations for future action with each report.
- 5. The report shall describe analytical methods used, detection limits obtained for each reported constituent, and a summary of QA/QC data.

- 6. The report shall indicate sample collection protocol, describe how investigation derived wastes are managed at the site, and include documentation of proper disposal of contaminated well purge water and/or soil cuttings removed from the site.
- 7. Historical groundwater sampling results shall be put in tabular form and included in the fourth quarterly report each year.
- 8. Sampling data and groundwater elevation data shall be submitted via the internet to the GeoTracker data warehouse in the appropriate electronic deliverable format according to the schedule in item 3 above. The GeoTracker website address is http://geotracker.swrcb.ca.gov.
- D. Groundwater Extraction: If applicable, the report shall include groundwater extraction results in tabular form, for each extraction well and for the site as a whole, expressed in gallons per minute and total groundwater volume for the quarter. The report shall also include contaminant removal results, from groundwater extraction wells and from other cleanup and abatement systems (e.g. soil vapor extraction), expressed in units of chemical mass per day and mass for the quarter. Historical mass removal results shall be included in the fourth quarterly report each year.
- E. **Status Report**: The quarterly report shall describe relevant work completed during the reporting period (e.g. site investigation, interim remedial measures, results of implementation of the Corrective Action Plan) and work planned for the following quarter.
- 4. VIOLATION REPORTS: If the dischargers violate requirements in the Cleanup and Abatement Order, then the dischargers shall notify the Regional Board office by telephone as soon as practicable once the dischargers have knowledge of the violation. Regional Board staff may, depending on violation severity, require the dischargers to submit a separate technical report on the violation within five working days of telephone notification.
- 5. **OTHER REPORTS**: The dischargers shall notify the Regional Board in writing prior to any site activities, such as construction or underground tank removal, which have the potential to cause further migration of contaminants or which would provide new opportunities for site investigation.

- 6. **RECORD KEEPING**: The dischargers or his/her agent shall retain data generated for the above reports, including lab results and QA/QC data, for a minimum of six years after origination and shall make them available to the Regional Board upon request.
- 7. **GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM REVISIONS**: Revisions to the GMP may be ordered by the Regional Board, or requested by the dischargers. Prior to making GMP revisions, the Regional Board will consider the burden, including costs, of the groundwater monitoring reports relative to the benefits to be obtained from these reports.

OHN H. ROBERTUS

Executive Officer

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

San Diego Region